

The Last Lecture

The survey:

Friday, April 29, 2011, is the last lecture I will ever be responsible for at the University of Nebraska. It's a real temptation to try to do something different, whatever that might be, and I have several possible candidate presentations, some based on other talks outside the institution, some used for special occasions in other classes, etc. For your attendance quiz, please choose two possible ones from the following list. Mark your first choice "1" and your second choice "2." I'll try to get the vote up on Blackboard this evening so you can sort of know what's coming.

The results:

Here are the results of your voting this afternoon for what you would like to hear:

- (1) More community ecology and population biology (from Chapters 52. 53. and 54): #1 = 27; #2 = 9; **total = 36.**
- (2) How students have changed over the past 44 years (with special reference to this class): #1 = 95; #2 = 47; **total = 142.**
- (3) The Big Picture in Biology: #1 = 13; #2 = 37; **total = 50.**
- (4) Ideas as evolving entities: #1 = 12; #2 = 28; **total = 40.**
- (5) What is a human being? #1 = 45; #2 = 52; **total = 97.**
- (6) The Cedar Point Biological Station experience: #1 = 26; #2 = 45; **total = 71.**

UNL STUDENTS:

1966-2011

BIOS 103 042911



WHO ARE THESE
PEOPLE, ANYWAY???



The Evidence and Experience:

- ~15,000 grades awarded
- ~150 Undergrad research students in the lab
- ~2000 hours of listening to students talk while driving in the van at Cedar Point
- ~300,000 pages of student writing read
- Watching our own children grow up
- 44 years of Friday bar talk
- 15 years of Friday Coffee —————→



What do you see, hear about, and learn from all this academic and social activity over the course of a career?

- Success
- Failure
- Romance
- Words from ~15,000 future citizens
- Kids who will be doctors that operate on your own children
- A microcosm of your evolving nation



Heterogeneity in the current student population*

- Economic diversity
- Religious diversity
- Family history
- Employment
- Military service
- Major; career goals
- Co-curricular activities
- Ethnic background
- Gender
- Advice from high school*
- Appearance
- Talents
- Drug and alcohol use
- Significant others
- Sexual orientation
- Age and maturity
- Reading skills*
- Attention span*



Globalization in a freshman biology class
(languages spoken or studied for more than a year by my fall, 2007, BIOS 101 students):

- Spanish*
- French*
- German*
- Tamil
- Persian
- Arabic
- Norwegian
- Chinese
- Japanese
- Lakota
- ASL
- Hindi
- Gujarati

*JJ has studied for more than a year.
NOTE: Nobody listed computer code,
html, etc.

Globalization in a freshman biology class (countries visited by my fall, 2007, BIOS 101 students):

- Australia
- Austria
- Belgium
- Belize
- Bosnia
- Brazil
- Canada
- Caribbean (several)
- China
- Costa Rica
- Croatia
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- France
- Germany
- Greece
- Guatemala
- Honduras
- Hungary
- Iceland
- India
- Iran

Globalization in a freshman biology class (countries visited – cont'd):

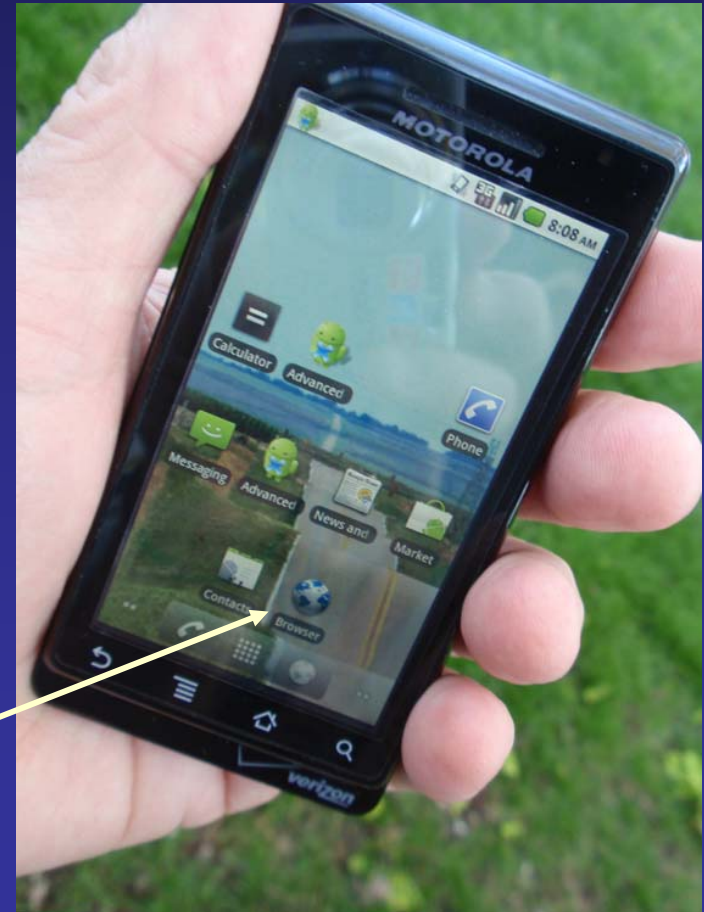
- Ireland
- Italy
- Japan
- Kenya
- Lithuania
- Lichtenstein
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- Mexico
- Monaco
- Netherlands
- Pakistan
- Philippines
- Poland
- Portugal
- Puerto Rico
- Russia
- Saudi Arabia
- Spain
- Sudan
- Switzerland
- Taiwan
- Thailand
- Turkey
- UK
- Venezuela

The #1 factor influencing higher education is information technology



flickr.com

(The Keystone to Roscoe
Road, Keith Co., NE)



I'm going to make
a mummy out of
that cat.



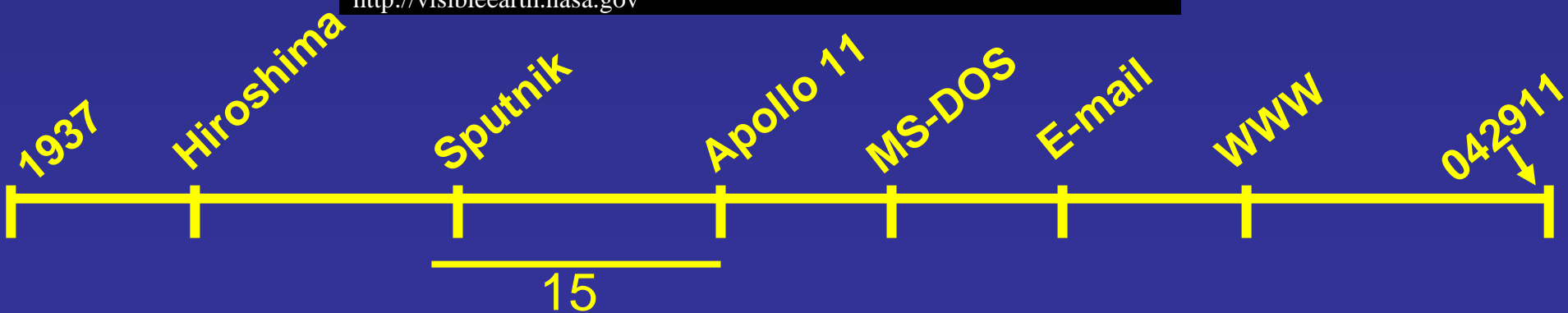
I'm going to charge up
my iPod, download
some music, then e-mail
digital photos of this stuff
to my friend in Mexico.



Technological change



<http://visibleearth.nasa.gov>



<http://www.webopedia.com/DidYouKnow/Internet/2002/BirthoftheInternet.asp>



cretaceous.de

Revised 2006

Genérico	<i>Siphonia</i> sp.
Especie	<i>Siphonia siphonaria</i>
Phyllum	Porifera
Clase	
Edad	Cretaceous
Localidad	France
nº ejemplares	1



commons.wikimedia.org



nhm.ac.uk

So, ~~like~~, what's the use of some fossil sponge from the Cretaceous?



cretaceous.de



commons.wikimedia.org

Pelida 2006
 Siphonia sp.
~~Siphonia~~ Siphonaria
 Porifera
 Cretaceous
 France
 n° ejemplares 1



nhm.ac.uk

So, ~~like~~, what's the use of
some fossil sponge from the
Cretaceous?

Information age culture (hourly lives of students):

- iPods*
- Podcasting*
- Smart phones*
- Text messages
- Ring tones*
- Google*
- Blackboard (CMS)*
- Free downloads*
- E-mail*
- Digital images*
- YouTube/Facebook*
- Electronic library access*
- Sound bite reporting
- Political stridency
- PowerPoint*
- UNL wireless network*
- Video games
- Classroom Response Systems*
- TV drone in Union



* = JJ uses
regularly

So, ~~like~~, what are the main differences between these students and their parents (or grandparents)?



You are far more deferential to authority than your parents were, and certainly more than students from the late 1960s.



Pre-dent
essay

You are far more inclined than were your parents to turn to authority instead of yourselves for answers to problems.



crooksandliars.com

You are far more concerned about grades than your parents were, and certainly more than students from the late 1960s.

Num	Dept	Title	Cr	Grade
109	CHEM	Gen Chem	4	C+
101	BIOL	Gen Biol	3	C
101L	BIOL	Gen Biol L 1	D+	
150	ENGL	Comp	3	C+



antifascistencyclopedia.com



tvtropes.org

Num	Dept	Title	Cr	Grade
109	CHEM	Gen Chem	4	A
101	BIOL	Gen Biol	3	A
101L	BIOL	Gen Biol L 1	B+	
150	ENGL	Comp	3	B+

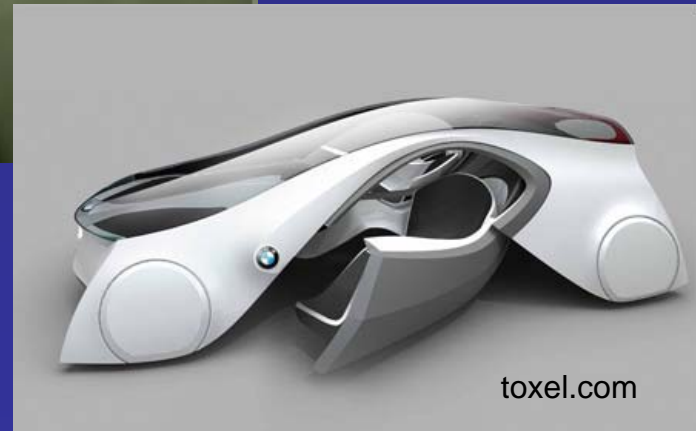
You are far less concerned about ideas than your parents were, and certainly far less than students from the late 1960s.



Google
images for
“idea.”



Google images
for “concept.”

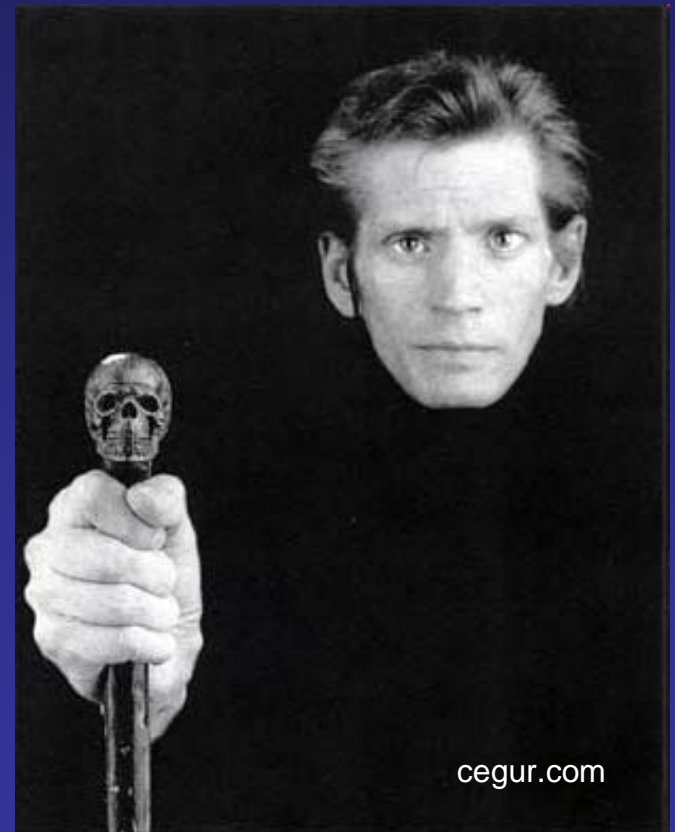
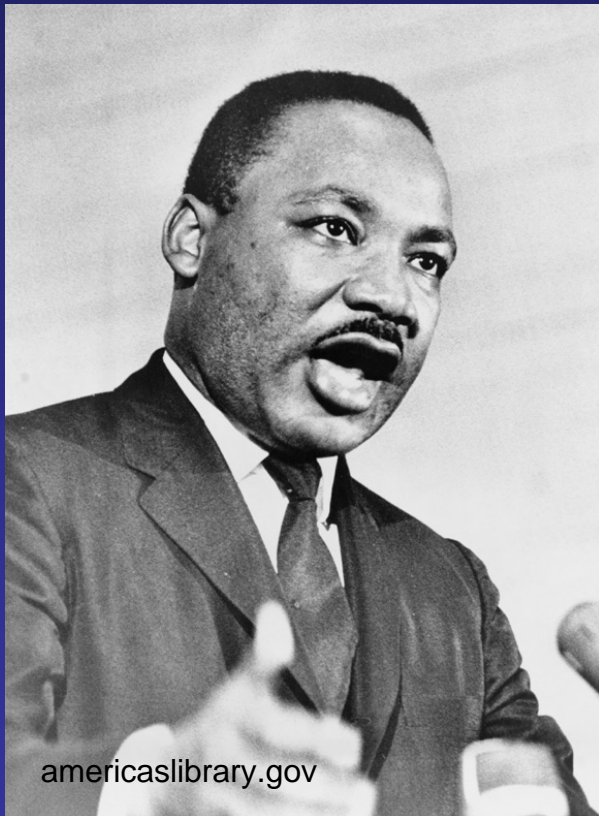


You are far less patient with your dislikes than were your parents.

“Evolution is a touchy subject . . . ,”

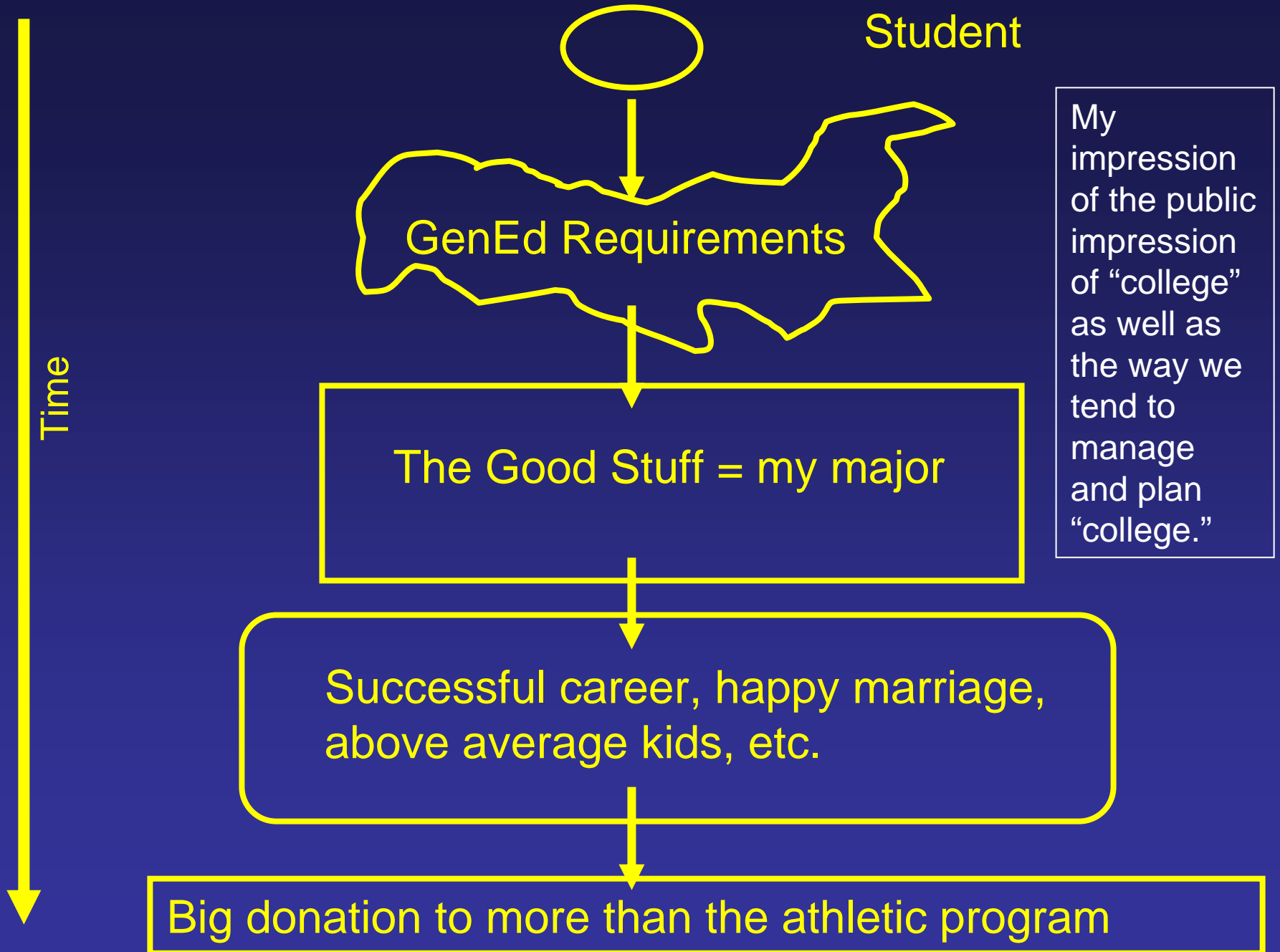


You are far less concerned about ethnicity and sexual orientation than your parents were, and certainly less than students from the 1960s.



You are far more committed to a career track than your parents were, and certainly more than students from the 1960s.





How do we turn this group of truly wonderful people into skilled writers, critical thinkers, and habitually analytical citizens with a true understanding of the arts, humanities, social sciences, and sciences?*



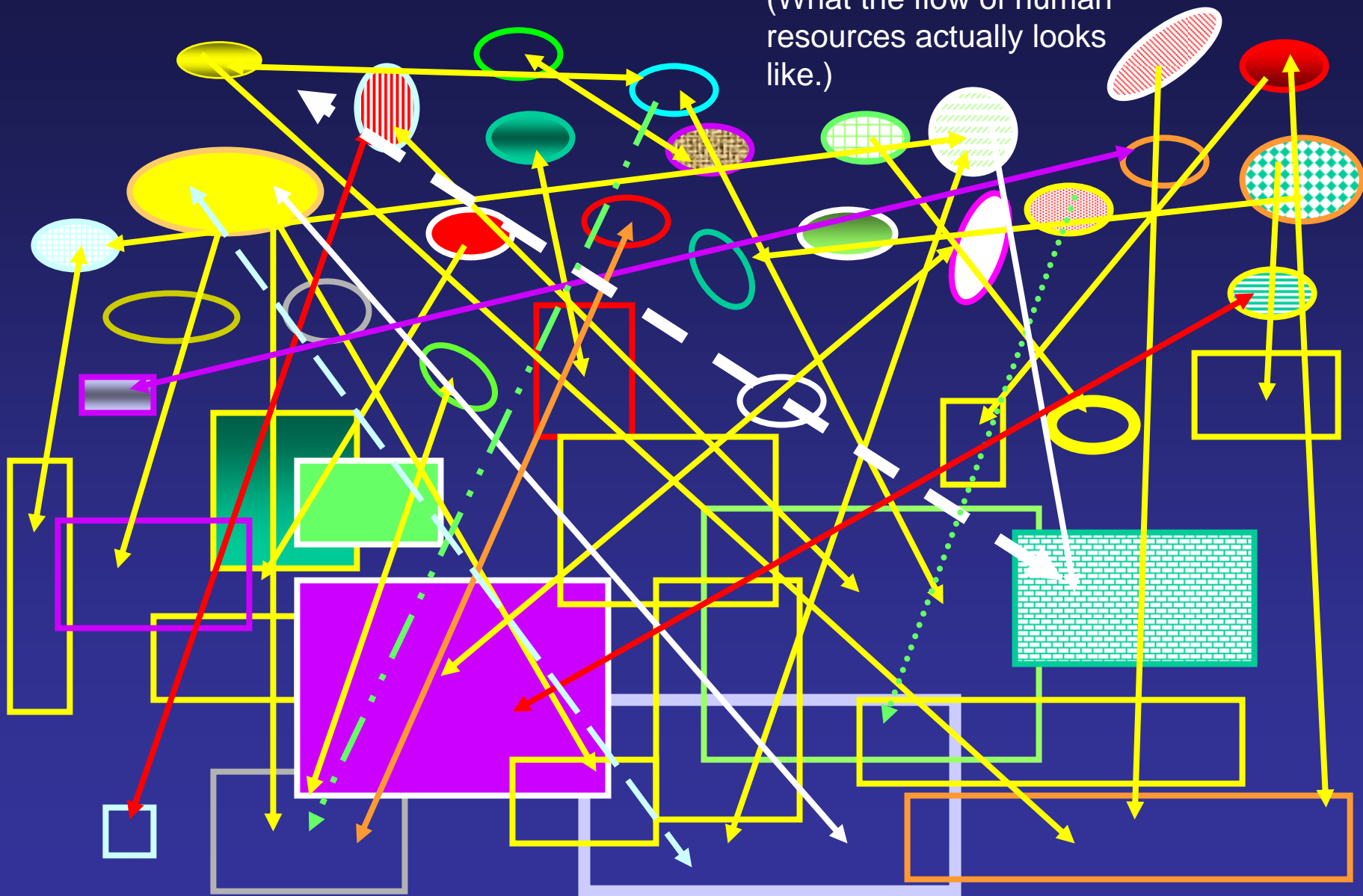
*(When what they really want to be is doctors, dentists, med techs, employed, married, etc.)

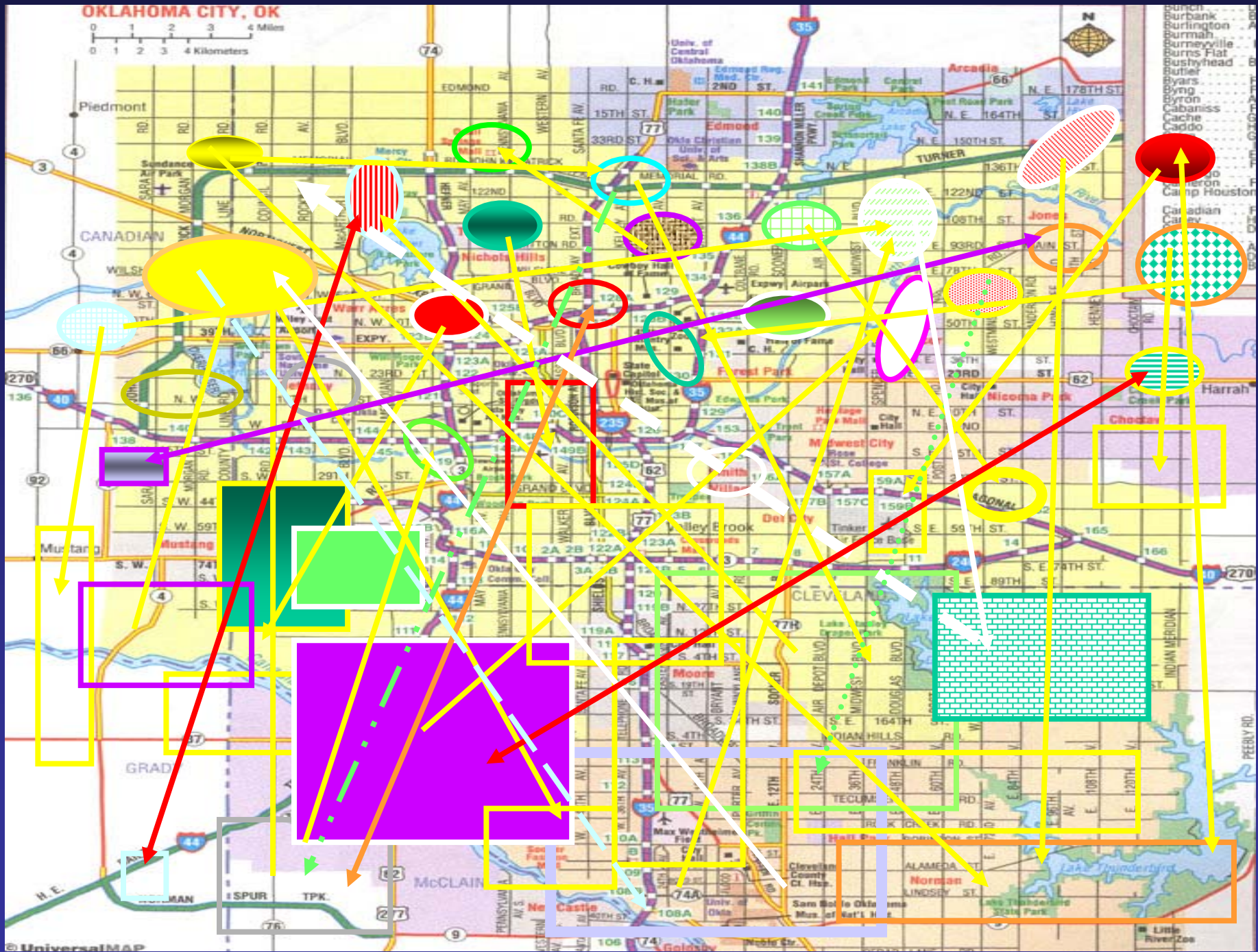
○ = Students

□ = opportunities

↔ = interactions

(What the flow of human resources actually looks like.)





Take-home message from
getting acquainted with our
students and paying attention to
the lives they lead:

They're not their
parents! Or their
grandparents!

(But they are our nation's
future.)



And they have some truly MAJOR problems to solve!



THE TWO BIG TAKE-HOMES:

Many of our most difficult social and political problems have a major biological component:


Racism, sexism, unwanted pregnancy, global energy distribution, intellectual and cultural richness, the definition of “human being,” narcotics, global water distribution, genetic “engineering” and its consequences, infectious disease evolution and transmission, our relationships with insects, etc.*

***This list could go on for several more pages.**

AND . . .

The scientific and technological explosion is not going away any time soon; it's better to be educated than ignorant about all scientific and technological issues.

(For one obvious example: evolutionary biologists never started any shooting war, but the information technology you use minute by minute is taking away your privacy about as fast as it can be done.)



Mary Ann McDowell
(from Kearney), PhD,
Prof Biol at Notre
Dame, UNL alum

Mike Ferdig (from Bennington),
PhD, Prof Biol at Notre Dame,
UNL alum

Sam and Georgia, their kids, getting taken to where Mike and Mary Ann did their research at UNL's Cedar Point Biological Station

“The natural world need not be logical in any obvious way. Science does not consist of imposing our reason on the world but rather reducing our preconceptions to the point that the world imposes its logic on us. This is very difficult indeed, involving a minimalization of our ego while maintaining our full powers of observation and receptivity. The capacity to perform this feat is what the teacher of science attempts to foster in the student. No one succeeds completely.”

--L. Slobodkin (from *Simplicity and Complexity in Games of the Intellect*)

